Industrial 8-port with 4-port High power PoE Fast Ethernet Switch and 2 Fiber Ports



User's Manual

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1. Introduction

The 8-port with 4 port high power PoE compact Fast Ethernet switch with 2 Fiber Port is equipped with 2.0 Gbps Packet Switch engine as particular packet forwarding and filtering mechanism to fulfill industrial communications on the filed site. It provides the graceful packet forwarding ability to handle 64~1552 packet size into 2 priority queues which complies with quality of service for the best data forwarding performance.

In addition, for the best network performance both of broadcast storm filtering and flow control functions can ensure your data traffic deliver to destination without traffic congestion. To avoid interference as well as to extend your network coverage, this is adapted to 2 100Mbps fiber ports with multi-mode or single-mode transceiver in order to achieve stable far-end transmissions.

To survive under hazard environments, it is equipped with 2 redundant power inputs, as the wide range input avoiding any power interruption and also operating between -25C~70C temperature range. For the easy maintenance purpose, the switch has an alarm-relay for the port link event and the power event to give an alarm to the service engineer on the filed site. It will deliver you superiority and reliable performance on your filed site applications.

This session introduces the following information:

- 1-1. Features
- 1-2. Packing list

1-1. Features

- 8 x 10/100TX ports with 4 port high power PoE +2 x 100FX (Multi-mode or Single-mode)
- ◎ 6 x 10/100TX with 4 port high power PoE +
- © IEEE802.3af /IEEE802.3at Compliant
- ◎ Support max power each PoE port up to 30 watts
- O Compact size with full power redundancy
- ◎ Supports store-and-Forward switching architecture
- QoS for packet forwarding precedence
- O Broadcast storm packet filtering
- O Port and power event alarm
- ◎ IP-31 aluminum alloy case
- O DIN rail and wall mount
- O Dual power input DC 48V
 - ◎ Compliance with IEEE Hi-Pot Testing

1-2. Packing List

The product is packaged with the following items:

O Product

◎ CD : User Manual





CD User's Manual

Contact your sales representative if any item is missing or damaged.

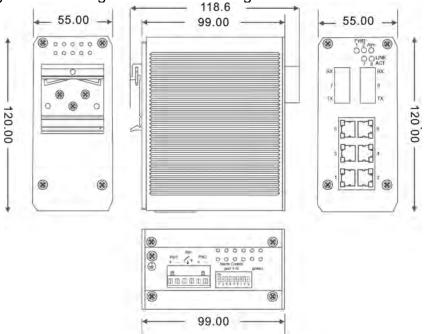
2. Hardware Description

This session will introduce the hardware information as following:

- 2-1. Dimensions
- 2-2. Front Panel
- 2-3. Bottom View
- 2-4. LEDs of system and port
- 2-5. Connectors

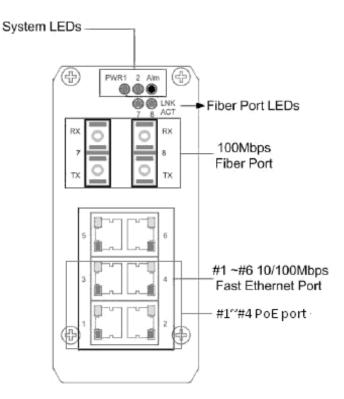
2-1. Dimensions

The dimension of 8-port with 4 port high power PoE Industrial Fast Ethernet Rail Switch is **120 mm (H) x 55 mm (W) x 108 mm (D).** The following is the drawing of mechanical design:



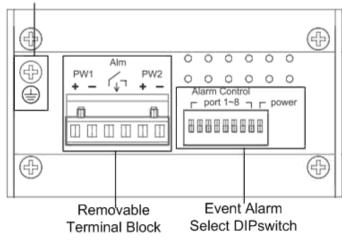
2-2. Front Panel

The Front Panel of the Industrial 8-port with 4 port high power PoE Fast Ethernet Switch is shown in Figure A.



2-3. Bottom View

The bottom view of the Industrial 8-port with 4 port high power PoE Ethernet Switch consists of one 6-pin removable terminal block connector for two DC power inputs and event alarm output. There is one 9-pin DIP SWITCH on the bottom for alarm control of port or power event selection.



Earth Ground Screw

Figure B. Bottom view

2-4. LEDs Indicators

There are some system diagnostic LEDs and Ethernet Port LEDs located on the front panel of Industrial 8-port Ethernet Switch. These LED indicators provide administrators with real-time system status. Table-1 gives the descriptions of the function of each LED indicator.

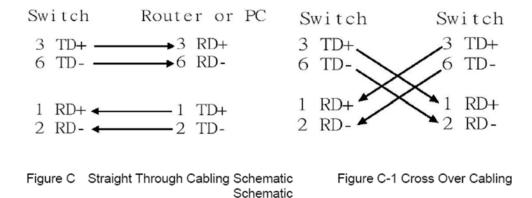
LED	Status	Description
PWR1	Green on	Power is on.
	Off	No power is being supplied.
PWR2	Green on	Power is on.
	Off	No power is being supplied.
Alm	Red on	Port link down or power failure event occurred.
	Off	No event.
Port 1~8 or Port 1~6	Link (Green on)	A network device is detected and link up.
	Activity (Green blinks)	The port is transmitting or receiving packets from the TX device.
Port 5~8 or Port 5~6	Speed (Yellow on/ 100Mbps)	A network device is detected and link on 100Mbps.
	Speed (Yellow off)	A network device is detected and link on 10Mbps.
PoE (Port 1~4)	Speed (Yellow on/PoE)	A network device is detected and link on PoE enabled.
	Speed (Yellow off)	A network device is detected and link on PoE disabled.
Fiber port #7, #8	100Mbps Link (Green on)	The port is operating in full-duplex mode.
	100Mbps Activity (Green Blinks)	The port is transmitting or receiving packets from the TX device.

Table-1

2-5. Ports

RJ-45 ports (Auto MDI/MDIX): 8 x 10/100 Mbps ports (auto-sensing RJ-45) for 10Base-T /100Base-TX device connection or **6 x 10/100Mbps port** (RJ-45) and **2 x 100Mbps fiber ports** for multi-mode or single-mode fiber cable.

The RJ-45 ports will auto-detect 10Base-T and 100Base-TX connections. Auto MDI/MDIX function allows users to connect another switch or workstation without the straight through cable or the crossover cable. See Figure C and C-1 for the schematic diagram of straight through cable and crossover cable.



All of the RJ-45 ports of the switch support auto-MDI/MDI-X function. When you use an Ethernet cable to connect other devices, such as computers, switches or hubs, pin 1, 2, 3, and 6 of the 8-pin RJ45 connector are used to communicate with the connected devices. Pin1, 2, 3, and 6's signals are converted by the MDI-X function shown in Table -2.

Pin MDI-X	Signals	MDI Signals
1	RD+	TD+
2	RD-	TD-
3	TD+	RD+
6	TD-	RD-

Table-2

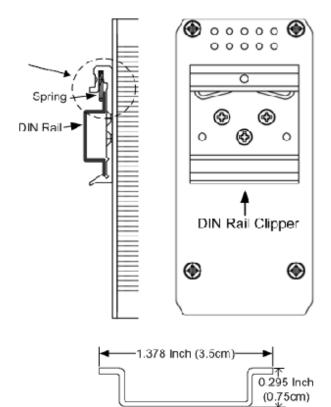
3. Mounting Installation

DIN-Rail Mounting

The DIN-Rail clip is already attached on the rear side of the switch supports EN 50022 standard DIN Rail, in the following diagram includes the dimension of EN 50022 DIN Rail.

Follow the steps below to mount the switch on the DIN-Rail track.

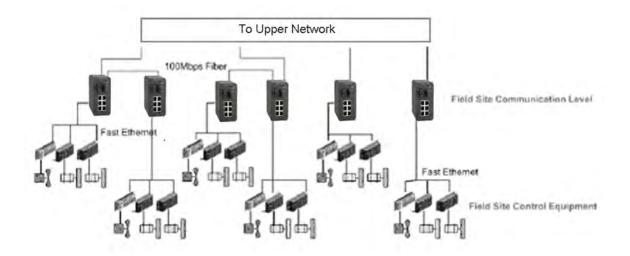
- Insert the upper end of the DIN-Rail clip into the back of the DIN-Rail track from its upper side
- 2. Lightly push the bottom of the DIN-Rail clip into the track.
- Check if the DIN-Rail clip is tightly attached to the track.
- 4. To remove the switch from the track, reverse the steps above.



IN EN 50022 DIN Rail Dimension

4. Hardware Installation

The following figure illustrates a typical application of the switch in field site. It includes Enterprise communication backbone network, Factory communication, field site communication and field site control layers. The control equipments access and report production information through the switch and uplink to factory communication level by fiber or copper which with network redundancy.

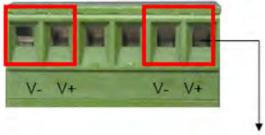


This session will introduce the hardware installation, includes:

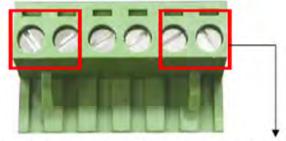
- 4-1. Wiring the DC Power Inputs
- 4-2. Wiring the Relay Alarm
- 4-3. Wiring Earth Grounding
- 4-4. Enable Alarm Relay Function
- 4-5. Cabling
- 4-6. System Power-On and Testing

4-1. Wiring the DC Power Inputs

Follow the steps below to wire the switch dual DC power inputs. [Note] The suitable electric wire ranges is from 48 AWG.

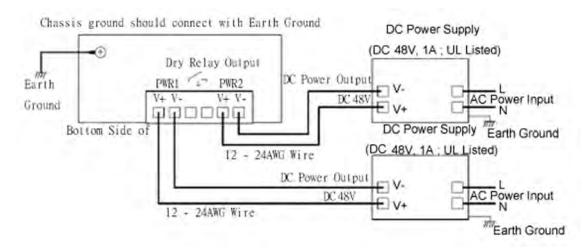


 Insert the positive and negative wires into the V+ and Vcontacts respectively of the terminal block connector



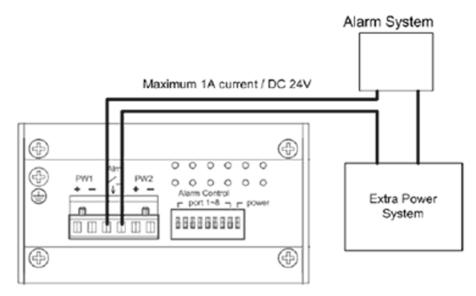
Tighten the wire-clamp screws to prevent the DC wires from being loosened.

Before install power, be sure the power supply module is compliance with UL certificated and the power system is shut down to avoid any damage. About the wiring please refer following diagram.



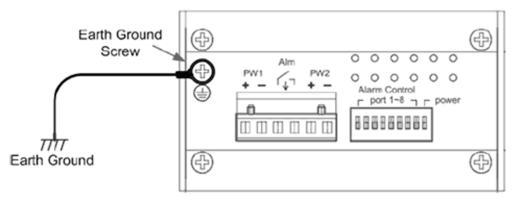
4-2. Wiring the Alarm Relay

The switch provides one dry relay output for power or port link event. The alarm relay default is "open" and form a close circuit when the even is occurred. The relay conductor ability is 24W. When it connects with a DC 24V power source, the maximum current is 1A. The following diagram shows how to create an alarm circuit.



4-3. Wiring Earth Grounding

In the real fields, there are a lot of automatic devices, such as AC motors, electric welding machine and power generator. Those devices will generate electromagnetic and disturb communications. To prevent those noises, the switch should be well earthed. The following diagram shows how to create a connection.

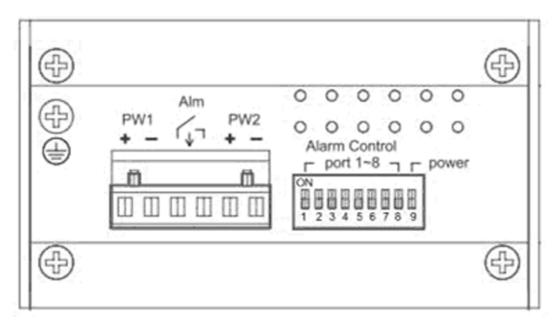


Warning: Do not connect to AC line - Natural

4-4. Enabled the Event Alarm Function

This session will introduce how to configure and enable the event alarm to alert maintenance engineer once the system event is occurred. The switch is equipped with one dry relay output for port link fails or power fails. The feature is controlled by digital control circuits. It effects immediately without system reset when DIP SWITCH is changed.

On the bottom side of the switch, there is one 9-Pin DIP SWITCH for alarm control. By inserting the port and power wiring to set up the alarm, the DIP SWITCH of the intended Alarm is switched to "ON". The relay output will form a short circuit if the alarm occurred.



The DIP Switch setting for the Alarm Relay Output is shown as below:

Pin No. #	Status	Status Description	
P1 to P8 (Pin1 ~8)	ON	To enable port link down alarm at this port.	
	Off	To disable port link down alarm at this port.	
Р9	ON .	To enable power failure alarm.	
15	Off	To disable power failure alarm.	

4-5. Cabling

The UTP cable connection between the switch and the attached devices (switches, hubs, workstations, etc.) must be less than 100 meters (328 ft.) in length.

The transmission distance of the switch depends on the type of fiber transceiver model and the attenuation of optical fiber cable. The following information is fiber transceiver specification of the switch. Please ensure the cable attenuation between two far end nodes is less than the power budget of fiber transceiver. Table-3 shows the specification of optical fiber transceiver is used.

Cable Type	Con.	Wavelengt h	TXPwr (min)	TxPwr (Max)	RxPwr (Min)	RxPwr (Max)	LinkBudg (dbm)	Distance (km)
Multi-mod e 50~62.5/1 25	SC ST	1310nm	-20dBm	-14dBm	-31dBm	0dBm	11dBm	2Km/5K m
Single-mo de 8~10/125	SC ST	1310nm	-15dBm	-8dBm	-34dBm	-8dBm	19dBm	30km

Table -3 Specification of Fiber Transceiver

TxPwr (Min): Minimum Transmit power

TxPwr (Max): Maximum Transmit power RxPwr (Max): Minimum Receive sensitivity

RxPwr (Min): Maximum Receive sensitivity

Link Budget= TxPwr (Min) -Rx Pwr (Min)

Note:

- 1. In the IEEE standard, it suggests the available transmission distance is 2KM for 62.5/125um fiber optical cable in 1310nm wave length. Actually, the attenuation of multi-mode 62.5/125um optical fiber cable is 1.5dBm/KM and the maximum link distance can up to 4~5km.
- 2. IEEE organization recommends maximum optical fiber cable distances as defined in the table-4 shows as below:

Standard	Data Rate (Mbps)	Cable type	IEEE standar d Distanc e
10Base-FL	10	850nm, 50/125um or 62.5/125um Multi-mode optical fiber cable	2km
100Base-FX	100	1310nm,50/125um or 62.5/125um Multi-mode optical fiber cable	2km
100Base-SX	100	850nm, 50/125um or 62.5/125um Multi-mode optical fiber cable	300m

1000Base-SX	1000	850nm, 50/125um Multi-mode optical fiber cable 850nm, 62.5/125um Multi-mode optical fiber cable	550m 220m
1000Base-LX	1000	1310nm, 50/125um or 62.5/125um Multi-mode optical fiber cable 1310nm, 9/125um Single-mode optical fiber cable	550m 5km
1000Base-LH	1000	1550nm,9/125um Single-mode optical fiber cable	70km

Optical Fiber cable attenuation

Fiber Type	Wave	Attenuatio	Attenuatio	Connector	Splice loss
	length	n	n	loss	
		/km *1	/km *2		
Multi mode	850nm	3.5dBm	2.5dBm	0.75d	0.1dBm
50/125um	1310mm	1.5dBm	0.8dBm	Bm	
Multi mode	850nm	3.5dBm	3.0dBm	0.75d	0.1dBm
62.5/125um	1310nm	1.5dBm	0.7dBm	Bm	
Single	1310nm	0.4dBm	0.35dBm	0.75d	0.1dBm
mode				Bm	
9/125um					
Single	1550nm	0.3dBm	0.22dBm	0.75d	0.1dBm
mode				Bm	
9/125um					

Table-4

* 1. These values are per TIA/EIA and other industrial specifications.

* 2. These values are one example of the performance that can be obtained with a new fiber installation.

4-6. System Power-On and Testing

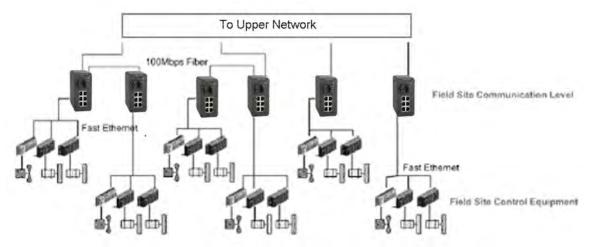
- 1. Take the Industrial 8-port Fast Ethernet Switch out of the box.
- 2. To place the switch on the DIN-Rail track, please refer to the **Mounting Installation** section.
- 3. Pull the terminal block off the switch and wire the power lines. Please refer to the **Wiring the DC Power Inputs** section of how to wire the power inputs.
- 4. PWR1 and PWR2 dual power inputs can be connected to power

sources simultaneously. When the primary power source fails (the default setting is PWR1), the system will automatically switch to the secondary power source (PWR2) to prevent the power interruption occurred.

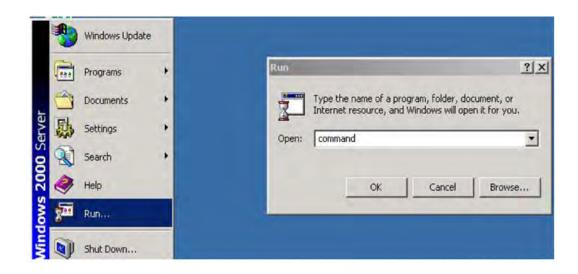
- 5. Check the LEDs for PWR1 and PWR2 to make sure that your switch is operating normally.
- 6. Use Category-5 or above straight through Ethernet cables with RJ-45 connectors to connect network devices.
- Connect one side of the Ethernet cable with a RJ-45 connector to one of the Ethernet port (RJ-45 port). The other side of the Ethernet cable connects to the target device equipped IP address and can handle ICMP protocol as ping packet.

[Note] Make sure that the connected network switches support MDI/MDI-X function. If they do not support this function, use a crossover Ethernet cable.

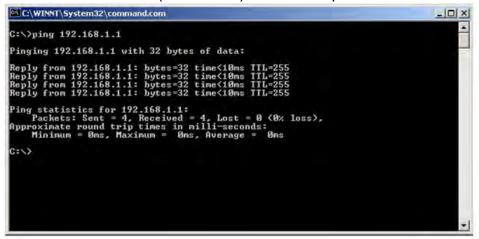
- 8. Check the port status LED indicator (blinking green) on the switch to see if the network connection is established successfully.
- 9. Power on your host PC, make an Ethernet connection to the switch and check the connected port is link up. The connection diagram is shown as below:



10. To enable the "Command Line mode". Click on **Run** in the Start Menu → type **Command** → click **OK** to continue.



Type **ping 192.168.1.1** command to check the connection. Here uses 192.168.1.1 (IP address) as an example.



- 11. Repeat step 10 to make sure that the connection of each device connected to the switch is successfully established.
- 12. Power on the PC host. Activate the Command Line mode and ping the connected Ethernet device by typing "ping 192.168.1.1 –t" command to see if it will respond. Do remember the PC host IP address is same subnet address as the target device – 192.168.1.1.
- 13. The parameter-"t" allows you to continue to ping the network device. Shown in the figure below.

CAWINDO WS/wysłem.32/cmd.exe	
C:>>ping -t 192.168.1.1	-
Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:	-
Reply from 192.168.1.1: hytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: hytes=32 time(1ms IIL=255	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time(1ms IIL=255	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: hytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255	
Reply From 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: hytes=32 time<1ms ITL=255	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: hytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: hytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: hytes=32 time<1ms IIL=255	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time(1ms TTL=255	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms ITL=255	
Reply From 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TIL=255	-

Before you continue, make sure that both PWR1 and PWR2 are successfully connected to power sources. When PWR1 fails, the LED for PWR1 will go out. At the same time, if the ping command is still being replied to, then it proves that the redundant power input function works normally.

5. Packet forwarding ability

The switch features packet filtering functions for broadcast packet control protection and QoS. Both of features can provide more graceful performance in a crowded network by traffic filtering and prioritize.

This session will introduce the principle of traffic control and forwarding precedence, including "Broadcast control" and "Quality of Service".

5-1. Broadcast Control

All of ports are enabled with this function without any configuration to provide a better network performance and prevent network congestion with the flooding of broadcast packets.

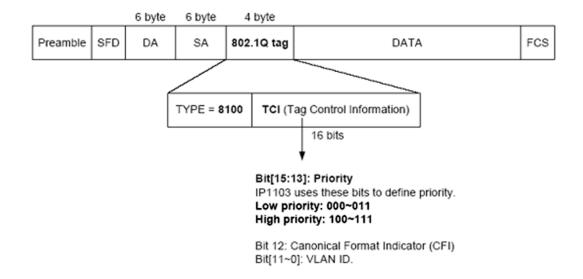
5-2. Quality of Service

The switch supports frame type priority function High priority packet will be queued to high priority queue to share more bandwidth. The ratio of bandwidth of high priority and low priority queue is 8:1. 8 high priority packets is progressed first, then the low priority packets will be progressed afterwards.

The switch can examine the specific bits of VLAN Tag and TCP/IP TOS of IPv4 and IPv6.

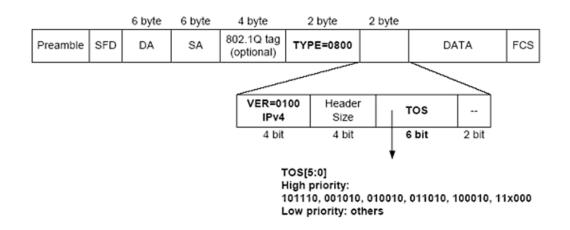
IEEE 802.1Q tag based CoS

The switch will examine the 3 bits of priority field carried by a VLAN tag and maps it to the corresponding priority. A packet with priority field ranging from 0 to 3 will be treated as a low priority packet and will be stored in low priority queue. A packet with priority field ranging from 4 to 7 will be treated as a high priority packet, and will be stored in high priority queue.



IEEE 802.1Q Type of Service for IPv4 /IPv6 packet

The switch also provides the IP layer CoS (Class of Service) function by recognizing the priority octet and mapping it to the corresponding priority. For an IPv4 packet, it is embedded in the TOS (type of Service) Octet.



For an IPv6 data packet, the Traffic Class Octet is used to differentiate the Class of Service. When this function is enabled, the swtich will automatically recognize the IP version and capture the either the TOS field (IPv4) or Traffic Class field (IPv6) and distributes the packet into High or Low Queue.

6. Trouble shooting

- Make sure you are using the correct DC power suppliers (DC 48 V). Do not use power suppliers with DC output over 48V. It may damage devices.
- Select Ethernet cables with specifications suitable for your applications to set up your systems. Ethernet cables are categorized into unshielded twisted-pair (UTP) and shielded twisted-pair (STP) cables. Category 3, 4, 5, 6 Ethernet cables are suitable for systems with 10 Mbps transmission speed. For systems with 100 Mbps transmission speed, Category 5, 6 Ethernet cables are the only suitable specifications for this environment. You also need to make sure that the distance between each node cannot be longer than 100 meters (328 feet).
 - If the power LEDs go off when the power cord is plugged in, a power failure might be occurred. Check the power output connection to see if there is any error at the power source. If you still cannot solve the problem, contact your local dealer for assistance.

7. Technical Specifications

Standard IEEE802.3 10Base-T IEEE802.3u 100Base-TX IEEE802.3u 100Base-FX IEEE802.3u 100Base-FX IEEE802.3x flow control IEEE802.3a POE IEEE802.3a POE Switch Technology Store and forward technology with 2.0 Gbps Switch Fabric. System Performance Aggregate System Aggregate System 1.49Mpps Throughput MAC MAC Address 2K MAC Packet Buffer 448Kbits Transfer Packet Size 148,80pps for Ethernet 10Base-T 148,810pps for Fast Ethernet 100Base-TX Packet size from 64~1552 Bytes (Long Packet forwarding ability) Broadcast storm Default enabled. control traffic threshold: 200 packets/ Sec. @100Mbps 20 packets/Sec. @100Mps 20 packets/Sec. @100Mps 20 packets/Sec. @100Mps 20 packets/Sec. @100Mps 20 packets/Sec. @10Mbps 20 packets/Sec. @100Mps 20 packets/Sec. @10Mbps 20 packets/Sec. @100Mps 20 packets/Sec. @100Mps 20 packets/Sec. @100Mps 20 packets/Sec. @100Mps 20 packets/Sec. Quality of Service Default Enabled. Supports VLAN tag priority and IPv4/IPv6 packet precedence. Eve	
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Port 5~Port 6 with LAN Port	
Port 1~Port 4 with PoE Port	
Connectors 10/100 Base-TX: RJ-45	
100Mbps Fiber: Duplex SC	
Power: Terminal block connector	
Alarm relay: Terminal block connector with 1A @DC24V carry ability.	

Cables	RJ-45: Cat-3, Cat-4, Cat-5 or Cat-5e unshielded twisted pair or shielded
	twisted pair cable. The Max. Link distance is 100 meters.
	Fiber connector:
	Multi-mode optical fiber: 50~62.5/125um, 2KM
	Single-mode optical fiber :8~10/125um, 30KM or above
Diagnostic LED	Per system: Power (Green) x2
	10/100TX port: Speed (Yellow on/ 100Mbps ,Yellow off/10Mbps), PoE
	(Yellow on/ PoE on, Yellow off /PoE off), Link/Activity (Green on/ Green
	blinks) Alarm: Port /Power Event (Red on)
Power Requirements	
System Power	2 Power inputs with redundancy and polarity reverse protection.
System Fower	Voltage: DC 48V
Power Consumption	> (8 x 10/100 Base-TX)
	130 watts with PD full loading
	8 watts without PD loading
	(6 x 10/100 Base-TX+2 x 100 Base-FX)
	130 watts with PD full loading
	12 watts without PD loading
Mechanical	
Installation	DIN-Rail mount
Case	IP-31 grade aluminum metal case
Dimension	120mm(H) x 55mm (W) x 108mm (D) (with DIN rail clip)
Weight	0.775kg with package
	0.525kg without package
Environmental	
Operating Temperature	-25℃ ~70℃
	-10°C ~70°C
Operating Humidity	0% ~ 95%, non-condensing
Storage Temperature	-40°C ~ 85 °C
Storage Humidity	5%~ 90%, non-condensing
Regulatory Approvals	
EMI	FCC class A, CE/EN55022 class A.
EMS	CE/EN61000-4-2, CE/EN61000-4-3
	CE/EN61000-4-4, CE/EN61000-4-5
	CE/EN61000-4-6, CE/EN61000-4-8
Shock	IEC60068-2-27
Vibration	IEC60068-2-6
Free Fall	IEC60068-2-32
MTBF	400,000hours *MIL-HDBK-217F GB(MILITARY HANDBOOK) standard